UNITED
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General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/49/938
S/1995/539
5 July 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 39
THE SITUATION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fiftieth year

Letter dated 5 July 1995 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit the enclosed letter dated 3 July 1995 from H.E. Mr. Kresimir Zubak, President of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, addressed to you.

May I ask for your kind assistance in distributing the present letter and its annex as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 39, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Ivan Z. MISIĆ
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

ANNEX

Letter dated 3 July 1995 from Mr. Kresimir Zubak
addressed to the Secretary-General

I would like to inform you that, in my capacity as President of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, my attempts to clarify certain ambiguities in connection with the rapid reaction force with the Commanders of UNPF in the former Yugoslavia have yielded little result.

We have still not received answers to the following questions: where would this force be stationed; what are the relevant facts concerning its mandate; what will be the length of its stay; what are the possible options of its later disposition; why is it insisted that its temporary deployment be exclusively on the territory under HVO (Croatian Defence Council) control?

My letter of 29 June to the UNPF Commander, General Janvier, in which I had requested clear answers to these questions, has not yet been responded to. I am confident that you fully understand the significance of these facts for our side, since giving consent that General Janvier has requested at a time when we do not know these facts could, for our side, result in the prejudging of options which, from the military-security standpoint, could be contrary to the strategic interests of the peoples who founded the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

You will recall that during the preceding time period we fully cooperated with the peace-keeping force of the United Nations. The peace-keeping force is almost completely stationed on the Bosnia and Herzegovina Federation territory, even though it was understood that its mandate, according to initial resolutions of the United Nations, foresaw its distribution throughout the entire territory of the internationally recognized Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

In the present letter, as well as in the letter of 29 June that I forwarded to the Force Commander of UNPF in the former Yugoslavia, I have to once again emphasize our dissatisfaction with the one-sided steps by the UNPF Commanders who have already stationed a part of the additional forces in the area of Tomislavgrad, and who have continued to organize and prepare for the arrival of new units without the consent of the competent organs - contrary to the practice of thus far exemplary cooperation.

In the absence of the reply to my letter by the Force Commander of UNPF in the former Yugoslavia, I am forced to ask that you use your good offices, in your capacity as Secretary-General of the United Nations, and clarify as soon as possible all the questions that I have raised in the present letter. I would emphasize once again that we would expect more detailed information on the mandate of the additional force, advance plans of their precise deployment in the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, including for the longer-term period, and the number of personnel and accompanying military logistics, in order to give proper consent for the deployment of the new forces. We request the same concerning the status of the UNPF forces, which have already been stationed on the Federation territory. I also have the honour to inform you, as I have already conveyed to General Janvier, that these new forces already on the ground

may remain no more than 30 days. In order to maintain their presence after this time period, they must receive the full consent of the relevant organs, including of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Until such time that we receive clear and precise answers to the concerns expressed in the present letter, we will be unable to extend the approval for the United Nations forces in Tomislavgrad to perform military exercises.

Kresimir ZUBAK
President of the Federation of
Bosnia and Herzegovina

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General Assembly
Security Council

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A/49/939
S/1995/545
6 July 1995
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 74
PROTECTION AND SECURITY OF
SMALL STATES

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fiftieth year

Letter dated 3 July 1995 from the Permanent Representative of Ecuador to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith a copy of a press release dated 30 June 1995 issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ecuador announcing the simultaneous repatriation of four Ecuadorian and 11 Peruvian citizens who had been detained in Peru and Ecuador, respectively, as a result of this year's armed conflict between Ecuador and Peru.

I should be grateful if you would have this note and its annex distributed as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 74, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Guillermo G. CAMACHO
Counsellor
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

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Annex

Press release dated 30 June 1995 issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ecuador

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has announced that, as a result of the talks held last week at Brasilia between the Deputy Ministers for Foreign Affairs of Ecuador and Peru, the Ecuadorian and Peruvian citizens detained in Peru and Ecuador, respectively, as a result of the armed conflict will be repatriated simultaneously within the next few hours.

The repatriation decision was motivated by the Government's desire to enable the four Ecuadorians held in Peru to return home as soon as possible and resume their normal lives. Furthermore, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, with the support and collaboration of the relevant military and police authorities believed that the repatriation process would make a genuine and effective contribution to the improvement of relations between Ecuador and Peru.

The Ecuadorian citizens who will be returning to the country this evening are: Wilfrido Maquilón Bustamante, Eddy Roberto Mora Barba, José Felihgton Yayguaje Caimito and Victor Augusto Tengoy Machoa; these last two Ecuadorians had been sentenced to 18 years' imprisonment for espionage by the Supreme Council for Military Justice of Peru.

The Peruvian citizens who are to be repatriated are the following: soldiers: Daniel Cisniegas Campos and Gerardo Francisco Paiva Quishpe; accused of spying: Percy Chavarría Leiva, José Meza Salinas, Edgar Seminario Cobeñas, José Timena Sandoval and José Rojano Gonzalez; accused of ordinary crimes: Jorge Enrique Minope Carvajal, Marco Antonio Minope Carvajal, José Rodrigo Avila Barba and Juan Revollar Estrada.

Ecuador, which has consistently demonstrated its respect for and strict observance of humanitarian law, has thus complied with the provisions of article 118 of the third Geneva Convention relative to the Treatment of Prisoners of War.

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) worked closely with the Ecuadorian authorities to bring to a satisfactory conclusion the efforts begun several months ago by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to secure the simultaneous repatriation of prisoners. The ICRC representative, Mr. Jean-Pierre Givel, and a doctor from that organization, Dr. Daniel Kock, visited the prisoners this morning. Dr. Kock certified that the Peruvian citizens are in good physical and mental health and will accompany them back to Lima.

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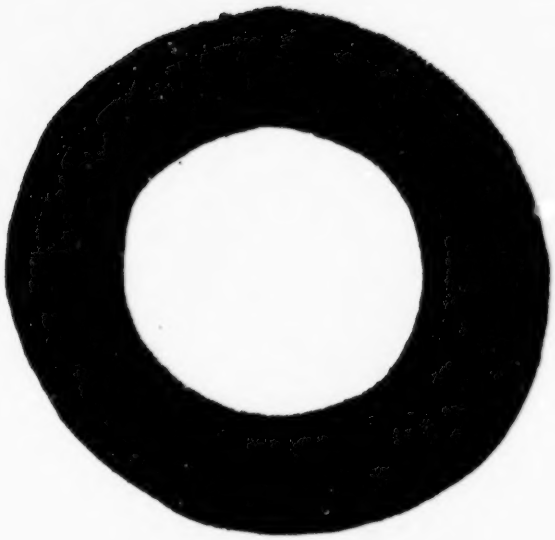

UNITED
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General Assembly
Security Council

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A/49/940
S/1995/556
10 July 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 15 (c)
ELECTIONS TO FILL VACANCIES IN PRINCIPAL ORGANS: ELECTION OF A MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fiftieth year

List of candidates nominated by national groups

Note by the Secretary-General

1. By a communication dated 3 April 1995 addressed to States parties to the Statute of the International Court of Justice, the Secretary-General drew attention to the resignation of Judge Sir Robert Yewdall Jennings (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) taking effect on 10 July 1995, which would result in a vacancy in the Court. In the same communication, the Secretary-General, in accordance with Article 5, paragraph 1, of the Statute of the Court, invited the national groups of States parties to the Statute to undertake the nomination of persons in a position to accept the duties of a member of the Court. The Secretary-General further requested that nominations should be received no later than 21 June 1995. The nominations thus received appeared in a note by the Secretary-General (A/49/932-S/1995/528).

2. The Secretary-General received the following nominations by national groups after 21 June 1995:

Name and nationality	Nominated by the national group of
Ms. Rosalyn Higgins (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)	Mauritius (5 July 1995: date of receipt) Portugal (27 June 1995: date of receipt) Venezuela (7 July 1995: date of receipt)

95-20422 (E) 100795 110795

UNITED NATIONS

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General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/49/940/Add.1
S/1995/556/Add.1
11 July 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 15 (c)
ELECTIONS TO FILL VACANCIES IN PRINCIPAL ORGANS: ELECTION OF A MEMBER OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fiftieth year

List of candidates nominated by national groups

Note by the Secretary-General

Addendum

Further to the Secretary-General's note of 10 July 1995 (A/49/940-S/1995/556), which contained the name of the candidate nominated by national groups received by him after 21 June 1995, the deadline for receiving nominations, the following nomination should be added:

Name and nationality	Nominated by the national group of
Ms. Rosalyn Higgins (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)	Mexico (11 July 1995: date of receipt)

95-20549 (E) 110795 120795

UNITED
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General Assembly

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A/49/941
11 July 1995
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH

Forty-ninth session
Agenda items 107 and 34

PROGRAMME BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 1994-1995

THE SITUATION OF DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN HAITI

Programme budget implications of draft resolution A/49/L.67/Rev.1

Report of the Fifth Committee

Rapporteur: Mr. Larbi DJACTA (Algeria)

1. At its 63rd meeting, on 11 July 1995, the Fifth Committee, pursuant to rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly, considered the statement by the Secretary-General (A/C.5/49/69) on the programme budget implications of draft resolution A/49/L.67/Rev.1. The related report of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions was presented orally by its Chairman.

2. Statements and comments made in the course of the Committee's consideration of this item are reflected in the relevant summary record (A/C.5/49/SR.63).

DECISION OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE

3. The Fifth Committee decided, without a vote, to inform the General Assembly that, should it adopt draft resolution A/49/L.67/Rev.1, total costs would not exceed $23,450,500. No additional appropriation would be required at the present stage. Such appropriation as might be necessary would be considered in the second performance report for the biennium 1994-1995 to be considered by the General Assembly at its fiftieth session.

95-20537 (E) 110795 120795

UNITED
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GENERAL

A/49/942
17 July 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 97

ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN

Participation of intergovernmental organizations in the Fourth World Conference on Women: Action for Equality, Development and Peace

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In its resolution 45/129 of 14 December 1990 and again in its resolution 46/98 of 16 December 1991, the General Assembly endorsed Economic and Social Council resolution 1990/12 of 24 May 1990, in which the Council recommended that a world conference on women should be held in 1995 and requested that the Commission on the Status of Women act as the preparatory body for the conference.

2. In its resolution 47/95 of 16 December 1992, the General Assembly endorsed Economic and Social Council decision 1992/272 of 30 July 1992, in which the Council took note of the report of the Commission on the Status of Women 1/ and endorsed the recommendations contained therein, including resolution 36/8 of 20 March 1992 concerning the preparations for the Fourth World Conference on Women: Action for Equality, Development and Peace. In that resolution, the Commission decided to recommend that participation in the Conference should be open, inter alia, to interested intergovernmental organizations, to be represented by observers at the Conference.

3. Subsequent to the thirty-eighth session of the Commission on the Status of Women, held from 15 March to 7 April 1995, certain intergovernmental organizations indicated their interest in participating in the Conference. Since the Commission is not scheduled to meet before the commencement of the Fourth World Conference on Women, on 4 September 1995, the recommendations concerning the participation of interested intergovernmental organizations in the Conference are submitted directly to the General Assembly for its consideration in the present note.

4. The secretariat of the Fourth World Conference on Women: Action for Equality, Development and Peace, having reviewed requests from intergovernmental organizations to participate in the Conference, recommended that the following organizations be granted observer status:

Asian Development Bank;

Commonwealth Foundation;

Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research;

Eastern and Southern African Management Institute;

Nordic Council of Ministers;

Preparatory Commission for the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons.

Notes

1/ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 4 (E/1992/24), chap. I, sect. C.

UNITED
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General Assembly

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GENERAL

A/49/942*
18 July 1995

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 97

ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN

Participation of intergovernmental organizations in the Fourth World Conference on Women: Action for Equality, Development and Peace

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In its resolution 45/129 of 14 December 1990 and again in its resolution 46/98 of 16 December 1991, the General Assembly endorsed Economic and Social Council resolution 1990/12 of 24 May 1990, in which the Council recommended that a world conference on women should be held in 1995 and requested that the Commission on the Status of Women act as the preparatory body for the conference.

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* Reissued for technical reasons.

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concerning the participation of interested intergovernmental organizations in the Conference are submitted directly to the General Assembly for its consideration in the present note.

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Notes

1/ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1992, Supplement No. 4 (E/1992/24), chap. I, sect. C.